

Mike's Moss Transformation Protocol

(Compiled from various sources, mostly Cove protocol)

Updated 3/25/2019

I. Preparation

- A. 8.5% D-Mannitol Solution (10 ml/transformation + 55 ml/protoplast strain)
- B. 10.28% D-Mannitol Solution (9 ml/protoplast strain)
- C. 1% MES pH 5.6 (autoclave) (1 ml/protoplast strain)
- D. 1M MgCl₂ (autoclave) (150 µl/protoplast strain)
- E. 1M Ca(NO₃)₂ (autoclave) (500 µl/~20 transformations)
- F. 1M Tris•HCl pH 8 (autoclave) (50 µl/~20 transformations)
- G. Autoclave 2.0 g PEG-6000 in a 15 ml tube (1 tube/~20 transformations)
- H. PRML medium BCD + 2.5 mM DAT, 8% D-mannitol, 0.08% Agar + 10 mM CaCl₂ (@50°C)
- I. PRMB plates BCD + 2.5 mM DAT, 6% D-mannitol, 0.8% Agar, 10 mM CaCl₂ (@50°C)
- J. 5-day-old moss chloronema grown on BCD+DAT + 0.6 mM CaCl₂ (± glucose)
- K. 10 to 30 µg of each plasmid DNA in ≤30 µl total. For transient/CRISPR transformations, use supercoiled plasmid; for non-CRISPR-facilitated stable transformations, linearize the plasmids, then extract, ethanol precipitate, dry, and resuspend with ≤30 µl sterile TE.
- L. BCD+DAT Medium (800 ml): 1.6 ml 500 mM MgSO₄; 1.6 ml 616 mM KH₂PO₄/303 mM K₂HPO₄ pH 6.5; 8 ml 1 M KNO₃; 800 µl Trace element solution; 10 mg FeSO₄•6H₂O; 6.4 g Agar; 0.74 g diammonium tartrate; 800 µl 1 M CaCl₂ (add @50°C)

II. Day 1 *Before starting, set water baths to 45°C and 65°C, start DNA precipitation.*

- A. Prepare 2% Driselase Solution in 8.5% D-Mannitol (0.2g/10ml) 15 minutes at RT, Centrifuge 2500 g, Filter sterilize supernatant.
 - B. Collect protonema to a sterile 50 ml tube, pipet away excess liquid, and add ~15 ml 8.5% D-Mannitol per plate of tissue.
 - C₁. Add 1/3 volumes of 2% Driselase Solution (0.5% final). Incubate 30 to 60 at RT with gentle shaking (<2 hours). While waiting, complete step C₂.
 - C₂. Start PEGT preparation: add 4.45 ml 8.5% D-mannitol 500 µl Ca(NO₃)₂ 50 µl Tris pH 8, to a sterile PEG tube. Dissolve at 65° then allow to cool completely before use.
 - D. Filter digested tissue through 70 µ mesh basket. (or 1st through 100µ basket then 40/70µ)
 - E. Pellet at 100-200 g for 4 minutes with no braking (1000 RPM in CL2 centrifuge).
 - F. Resuspend in 10 ml 8.5% D-Mannitol. Re-pellet and resuspend two additional times.
 - G. Count protoplasts and prepare enough fresh MMM Medium
Total # protoplasts = [# protoplasts in 1 mm² (5×5) grid] x [# ml protoplasts] × 10⁴
MMM = 8.85 ml 10.28% D-Mannitol, 150 µl 1M MgCl₂, 1 ml 1% MES pH 5.6.
 - H. Pellet as before and resuspend in MMM at 2×10⁶ cells/ml. (= hemocytometer count ÷ 20)
 - I. Add ≤30 µl plasmid DNA to 15 ml conical tubes
 - J. Add 300 µl protoplasts
 - K. Add 300 µl PEGT (swirl to mix and incubate for ~5 minutes)
 - L. 45°C for 5 minutes
 - M. 25°C for 10 minutes
 - N. Gently add 10 ml 8.5% D-Mannitol and mix by swirling
 - O. Incubate for 1 hour (from 30 minutes to multiple hours is okay.) While waiting, label PRMB plates and place cellophanes on surfaces.
 - P. Pellet cells as before
 - Q. Resuspend in 2 ml PRML.
 - S. Dispense 500 µl per PRMB+cellophane plate.
 - T. Put in growth room for 4-5 days
- III. Day 5 or 6: Transfer cellophane to Selective BCD(±DAT) plates (grow 10-17 days)
20 µg/ml G418, 15 µg/ml Hygromycin, 50 µg/ml Zeocin, 75-100 µg/ml Gentamicin
- IV. Day ~13: Transfer cellophane to non-selective BCDAT plates (grow 7-14 days)
- V. Day ~21: Pick a few cells at 2-3 edges to selective media (grow 10+ days)
- VI. Day ~35: Check insertion site PCR (5' native/foreign, 3' native/foreign, empty site)